





# THE YEOMAN:

Published Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

BY S. I. M. MAJOR & COMPANY.

S. I. M. MAJOR, Editor.

FRANKFORT:

THURSDAY, JULY 8, 1858.

FOR CLERK OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,

RANKIN R. REVILL,

OF OWEN.

COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR SHIRIFF.

W. S. DEHONEY.

FOR JAILER.

JOHN J. SMITHER.

COUNTY ATTORNEY.

E. A. W. ROBERTS.

FOR CORONER.

H. S. MOORE.

FOR ASSISOR.

PETER JETT.

FOR SURVEYOR.

W. F. GRAHAM.

Organize! Organize!!

The time is rapidly approaching when the free men of Kentucky will be called upon to express at the polls their opinion of Know Nothingism and its candidates. The fanatical and bigoted party which stole into the State in disguise, and under a hypocritical mask, spread moral desolation throughout our Commonwealth, is about to make one more effort at the polls. It is a desperate attempt, and in all human probability will be the last struggle against the Democracy by Sam in his present garb. When his incongruous forces are next arrayed against the Democratic party, they will be marshalled under a new name, and will vary their mode of warfare and fight with entirely different weapons. The humbugs of Know Nothingism have been tried and condemned by the people. GEORGE R. MCKEE will attempt to rally the scattered forces of the opposition once more, for a contest on the first Monday of August. After that day Know Nothingism will never appear again upon the political battle field of Kentucky. But the incongruous elements that compose it; the mob of idiots now rejoicing under that witty name, will gather under some new leader, and with different professions, will endeavor to delude the people.

Let every Democrat in Kentucky remember that "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty," and let him not relax his vigilance. We have a foe to deal with that is as unscrupulous as it is audacious. Like the restless spirits of the damned, the leaders of Know Nothingism never sleep. They will not scruple to adopt any means which promise the attainment of their disgraceful aims. With every thing to gain and nothing to lose, they will go into the contest with that desperation which nerves a gambler to stake his last dollar upon the cast of the die.

We hope our Democratic friends in all parts of the State will arouse themselves, and not rest until their several precincts are perfectly organized, and measures are taken to poll every Democratic vote in the State. The result in Kentucky is looked forward to with deep solicitude by parties in other States. It is now known to be a Democratic State, and it is of the utmost importance that an increased Democratic majority should be given to Mr. REVILL. We are assured that there is to-day a majority of 20,000 Democratic votes in Kentucky. Let us have them recorded upon the poll books of the State. Let the votes of twenty thousand men of this State risk Know Nothingism out of right, and let the voices of twenty thousand Democratic voters of Kentucky rise above the feeble whine of Know Nothingism, and reach the ears, and cheer the hearts of the Democracy of the Union.

The Know Nothing papers are evidently giving up all hopes of electing the great Rix Rax Clerk of the Court of Appeals. They have abandoned the humbugging idea of his being a great speaker, and are now endeavoring to excite sympathy in his behalf by pathetically recounting his hardships. We now have lugubrious accounts of his "arduous canvass," of his "terrible labors in behalf of the dear people, etc."

We have no doubt that the Rix Rax is having a hard time of it. "The way of the transgressor is hard," saith Holy writ; but neither sacred nor profane history gives any account of a pilgrimage approximating in hardness to the labors of the traveling agent of the Know Nothing society, in his wild hunt for office. It is an uphill business, and like Jordan, "a hard road to travel." He tugs at it most manfully; sweats over it most profusely, and groans, and begs, and whines in mournful numbers for office. The reasons which he urges in support of his preposterous claims are both laughable and scandalous. He never joined the Know Nothings, consequently the Democrats ought all to vote for him. He never belonged to the Democrats, and peddles falsehoods about the Democratic Legislature; therefore the Know Nothings ought all to vote for him. His father had a dark skin—his father defended a tinker for horse stealing—and he is the son of his father—ergo—every body ought to vote for him.

Poor Rix Rax. We are half inclined to pity the creature. We think the Know Nothings played him a shabby trick in starting him on such a wild goose chase. He has about as good a chance of being elected Clerk of the Court of Appeals, as CRITTENDEN has of being elected President by the great "People's Party of the Union," that is to be. What that grotesque combination of the remnants of manhood; that pitiful retailer of pitiful slanders; that bigoted, unscrupulous, spread eagle—in short—GEORGE R. MCKEE, elected Clerk of the Court of Appeals! Bah! "Fortune hath freaks, but none so wild as this."

The reports from the wheat crop in Virginia, as elsewhere, are very discouraging. It is thought that in some counties the yield will scarcely be a sufficiency for seed. The harvest by floods along the banks of the rivers is said to surpass anything ever known in the same regions before.

J. C. F. M. NOLAND, Esq., of Little Rock, Ark., better known as "Pete Whetstone," died at that place recently, of consumption.

THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL ON MONSIEUR BELLY.—PRENTICE has hit the little Frenchman who is figuring in Nicaragua, some hard ones. Here are the two last:

M. Belly avows his determination to have the United States held to a terrible responsibility. He hasn't a single bowel of compassion in him.

If Mr. Belly is going to sustain himself at the Isthmus against the United States, he must, of course be prepared to encounter the United States. How about his nasal affairs?

At a meeting of the "Rough & Ready Fire Co. No. 2," held on Friday, July 23, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months, viz:

Wm. CRAIK, President.  
H. STEARNS, Vice President.  
J. B. MONTGOMERY, Secretary.  
Wm. B. HOLEMAN, Treasurer.  
C. A. SMITH, Chief Director.  
J. O. O'CONNELL, Hose Director.  
R. B. JOHNSON, Asst. Hose Director.  
MARTIN FAIRY, Engine Director.  
A. KAHR, Pipe Director.  
JNO T. HENDERSON, Asst. Pipe Director.

PRESENTATION.—During the visit of the Hope Fire Company of Louisville to this city, Mr. F. C. SMITH, Chief Director of the Rough & Ready Company of this city, was presented with a fireman's hat, and D. W. HALL, Pipe Director of the Star Company, also of this city, was presented with a trumpet.

THE TWO-HEADED GIRL.—This singular creature is now on exhibition at Lexington, Missouri. She is seven years old, and is possessed of two perfect heads, four arms, four legs, two hearts, and one well-formed body only. She is healthy, active and intelligent, speaks and eats with both mouths, walks well and runs fast, with taste and dances gracefully.—*Cin. Enquirer.*

We are inclined to regard her as an improvement on the sex. Most girls have two faces, but very little head and only half a heart.

THE GLORIOUS FIFTH.—On Monday the Fire Companies of Frankfort were visited by the Lyon Fire Company of Lexington and the Hope Fire Company of Louisville. The visitors were entertained in the beautiful grove on the grounds of Dr. GEORGE STEALY near our city. Music, dancing, good eating, hearty wit and sentiment all contributed to the enjoyment of the day, which passed off most delightfully both to visitors and visited.

On the following day Dr. STEALY gave the Hope Company a dinner at his residence, where good liquors and toasts were drunk with great gusto and satisfaction. The Company left for Louisville to all appearances highly delighted with their trip.

[Correspondence of the YEOMAN.]

CANTLETSBURG, Ky., June 24, 1858.

MR. EDITOR: Yesterday evening, according to previous appointment, RANKIN R. REVILL made his appearance in our flourishing village. At night he addressed the citizens of this place and surrounding country, and the effect produced by his forcible arguments, his dignified deportment, and his mild and respectful manner towards his opponent and towards the opponents of the Democratic party, was indeed truly astonishing. Few men have had the happiness of making so fine an impression upon the minds of his audience as did Mr. REVILL. He completely disarmed the Know Nothings of all their weapons without galling or wounding their feelings; and his bold and fearless defense of the principles and policy of the Democratic party, was, to us, both food and raiment.

My K. N.'s, who were present, unhesitatingly declared in favor of RANKIN R. REVILL after hearing him speak, and determining to make a clean breast of the whole affair, confessed their malady and openly acknowledged that "Radway's Ready Relief" was the best remedy they had ever known for the disease with which they had been afflicted.

If MCKEE should come through this county again and make a few more of his Black Republican speeches, I hardly believe he would get two hundred votes in Greenup county. A great number of our people thought, from the tenor of his speeches as he passed through this section of Kentucky some months ago, that he concluded he was in an Abolition or Black Republican community, and had shaped his course accordingly. But when Mr. MCKEE supposed that the people of this portion of Kentucky would sanction his denunciation of the Administration, and his approval of the position assumed by the Black Republicans in Congress, upon a question of more vital importance to the interests of the South than any which has ever been agitated in our country, he was very much mistaken. These people will not, cannot, support Geo. MCKEE for the office of Clerk of the Court of Appeals. Not that he is incompetent to discharge the duties of the office, nor because of his peculiar views upon the subject of the admission of Kansas into the Union under the Lecompton constitution, but because his election would tend to reflect the sentiments of the people of Kentucky upon that subject; and whilst it would give aid and encouragement to our enemies in the North, to know that Kentucky had elected a man to a high and respectable public office, who entertained and advocated sentiments upon the slavery question in common with the whole Black Republican tribe, it would tend to crush the spirits and energies of our friends in the South, who, for upwards of thirty years, have been endeavoring to roll back the tide of fanaticism that has been pouring in upon us from the North. We will never consent for our names to be recorded for such a man, no matter how much we may esteem him as an individual and gentleman.

There are a host of the American party who believe as we do, and will cast their votes accordingly.

RANKIN REVILL is running ahead of his party everywhere in this country, and we are confident that his majority in the State will not be less than twenty thousand. The whole and entire remnant of that once glorious and gallant party who fought under the banner borne by their illustrious chieftain, the "Great Harry of the West," are with us. And we would not be surprised at thirty thousand for REVILL.

Very Respectfully Yours,

REPORTER.

Our devil was bragging the other day about his shirts. He said he had eleven. When presented on the subject he proved it by producing 2 ones.

ADMITTED TO HALL.—Nagle and Bell, the accused murderers of John Marshall, of Carondelet, near St. Louis, were taken before Judge Lockland, on Friday, last, of habeas corpus, and admitted to bail in \$10,000 each. Security was furnished and they were released.

THE CROPS.—From The Glasgow (Mo.) Times, July 1. Our farmers are in the midst of harvest. The crop is a fair one in quantity and quality.

From the Chester (Ill.) Herald, July 1. Harvest is progressing finely. It will be several days before the crop is secured, but if the weather continues fine the country will be deluged with wheat.

From the Evansville Enquirer, July 23. We have noticed in our travels during the last two weeks a very singular phenomena in the oat crop; the whole straw and blade is covered with a brown rust, and the head is entirely destroyed.

There will scarcely be oats enough in this district of the State to answer for seed. We learn from a friend on the Kentucky side of the River that seed where stock hogs and cattle had been upon the oat fields much of the stock had died. Such a rust was never seen before upon oats in this country.

From the Brunswick (Mo.) Press, July 2d. We observe that the farmers in this section of country have commenced cutting their wheat. There are various reports as to the quantity and quality of the grain, but we think the crop is at least an average one. Oats look better; the crop will be short. Corn is doing tolerably well, except in low land, if the season continues favorable, the prospect is very good for an abundant crop. Hemp is indifferent. The warm weather is bringing tobacco out finely. We learn that there is at least fifty per cent. more land set out this year than last. The weather for some time has been very warm, the thermometer ranging above 90 in the shade. Vegetation of all kinds is growing very rapidly.

From the Urbana (Ill.) Union, July 1.

PROSPECTS FOR CROPS.—Many have supposed that the heavy rain we have been enjoying for several weeks' rain that will fall short this season entirely; this is a fallacy. We have learned within a few days that the prospects for wheat are what may be called good. It is now just beginning to whiten the harvest. It is free from rust and comparatively free from other impurities. The harvest will commence as early as the 5th July.

Corn planted before the heavy rains, which has escaped drowning, is now looking very well, and is growing rapidly, although more than a month behind. A good deal has been planted since the 15th of the past month, but of course cannot mature unless the season is extended further than usual into the fall months.

Oats and spring wheat have suffered very much from rain, but will produce at least half a crop.

From the St. Joseph (Mo.) West, June 29.

The wheat crop was greatly damaged by the rust before the late rains—in many places entirely destroyed. We heard some farmers say that they should not attempt to harvest their crop at all. It is now certain that a fourth of a crop will be harvested, and that the most, or all of what is saved will be of inferior quality. Spring wheat, of which but little was sown, has not taken the rust as yet.

Rye and Oats.—As a general rule, these crops are unusually promising, though we heard of some instances in which they, like the wheat, have been greatly damaged by rust, a thing unheard of before this season. Altogether, we think the yield will be abundant.

Hemp.—The cotton has, in some neighborhoods, done immense damage. Some large producers have lost almost the whole of their crops, whilst with many others, the injury, though not so serious, is yet sufficient to diminish the yield very materially. Many crops have been injured by the continual wet weather. Some we noticed that from this cause they were being cut off. While such is the condition of the crop, and such the prospect on very many farms, we have quite the reverse to report in regard to many others. We have never seen hemp look more promising than it does in many places in this and the adjoining counties, the only fear being that the quality will be injured by its growing too tall and rank.

From all we have seen and learn in regard to it, we suppose that the hemp crop throughout this section will be less than an average in quantity and quality.

Corn.—This crop is backward, but is growing finely; there was not so much planted as last year, and much of that was planted late to come up, or was washed up by the heavy rains; but still there will be a large yield—amply sufficient for the purposes, which corn is used for.

Old Crop.—A generally promising. Vegetables of all kinds appear to be doing finely. The same may be said of all kinds of grasses. A number of farmers whom we saw have tried the Hungarian Millet this season. The result, from what we have heard in regard to it, seems not to be very favorable. Some say that it grows too rank, and will be too coarse for horses or cattle, others that it is too heavy for the soil, etc. The general opinion seems to be that it will not do in this country.

Crops in Georgia.—A letter dated Athens, June 23d, says: "We have good reasons that crops look well in this section—at least the corn and cotton do. Our oats are pretty rusty, a thing which has never happened before in the knowledge of our oldest farmers, and some are disposed now to look for it to develop on the corn."

A correspondent of the Augusta Constitutional writes as follows under date 25th ult.: "The cotton crops are larger, with better stands, than at this time in 1857; and one riding the road would come readily to the conclusion, if he had seen the crop of last year of the same fields, that there would at least a third more made. I find, however, upon examination, several fields within the past week, that the lice are very bad."

NEWSPAPERS, FLA., June 27th.

"We have good reasons that crops look well in this section—at least the corn and cotton do. Our oats are pretty rusty, a thing which has never happened before in the knowledge of our oldest farmers, and some are disposed now to look for it to develop on the corn."

DEERFIELD, TALLAH. CO., June 21. "Crops are very good so far, and if no disaster should befall between this and gathering time, there will be the best crops made that have been made in the last five years."

The cattle here are sick with some unknown disease. They are taken with symptoms similar to that of a fourfolded horse, and they cannot, or will not, eat. I fear a great number of them will die, and in the event that the United States should not be out-braced in the game which Brigham opened and has played so long and so ably.

A man named Hopkins, who is said to be one of Brigham Young's secretaries, and was once Postmaster at San Bernardino, arrived at camp yesterday from the Valley. Part of the information which he communicates about the position and designs of the Mormons is not to be relied upon, but the following facts are confirmed from other sources. Only a hundred families are left in Salt Lake City, but at least two thousand men are quartered in the houses or encamped in the vicinity under arms. The northern settlements have all been abandoned, and some of them destroyed. In Ogden City no buildings have yet been demolished or burnt, but the whole population has been hurried out of the city, and is now being sent out, and about ten days ago was removed toward Provo. Most of the houses in Salt Lake City have been dismantled—the locks taken from the doors, the glass from the windows etc., but the gardens adjoining Young's seraglio are still cultivated with as great care as ever, the trees pruned, the borders clipped, and the flower-beds weeded. Many things which would naturally have been removed from the city are in cellars or buried under door-steps. The organ which they used in the Tabernacle is caked in the ground adjoining the new Temple.

THE AMERICAN HORSES IN ENGLAND.—Resides Badsworth, Mr. Ten Broeck has added Lotterer to his stable, a yearling which he recently purchased for \$2,500. Lotterer is by Stockwell, out of Ensign, and is a fine specimen of a horse. He is now being driven by J. M. Ten Broeck, in a match with J. R. Lotterer's Apollo, 1,000 sows, each, 309 sows, etc. The Ham Stakes, at Goodwood; the Coventry Stakes, at York; and the Londonborough Produce Stakes, at Borely (allowed 3 lbs.)

CONVICTED DOG.—A gentleman in this city is not obliged to ride, and not having been able to obtain a horse that would stand, has trained a large, intelligent-looking Newfoundland dog to follow him; and whenever he alights, the dog springs round to the head, and receives the bridle in his mouth. The dog then comes down on his haunches, and quietly awaits the coming of his master. We have noticed several mischievous persons trying to coax him away from his post, but he pays no heed, and continues to follow his master. If he is not the best animal in the county, it can be seen almost every morning in front of a City Hall on duty.—*New Orleans Delta.*

How the New Orleans Mayoralty Hunted Edith—How he got elected, and how Adams didn't get appointed.

Before the world in general and New Orleans in particular were illuminated by the advent of Know Nothingism, it was quite common for men who applied to office to announce themselves as candidates and try to get elected. Since then all things have changed. That honorable and peaceful party, being averse to all strife, and mortified at the wild hunt for office which shocked their sensibilities, disgraced the country, and even caused violence at the polls, announced as one of their leading principles that the office must seek the man, not the man the office. Now, just before every election, we find offices going about hunting men with incredible anxiety and unscrupulousness.

The Mayoralty of this city has just hunted down a good man named Smith in a way perfectly shocking. A single instance of what it did in its eager chase after him will be amusing if not instructive. It caught him just before the election, and in order to secure him to all its seats, forced him to do a thing which no conscientious man could do. It made him promise beforehand, upon his honor, to appoint another good man named Adams to the important office of Chief of Police. For fear it might afterward remove him, it made him promise not to remove him. Having strict reliance on his honor, it made him put the promise in writing, and to show him further confidence in the fact that it would never deny his signature, it caused four witnesses to sign after him. This ambitious office having then secured this good man, went to work and got the people, by divers frauds, terrors and recollections of former misdeeds, to stay away from the polls while it got its choice confirmed by the good man Adams and his friends and other expectants.

Here, however, comes the poetic justice to this unscrupulous and two-faced office. When it had got this good man Smith, it was unable to protect him from the exposure of the above. It has accordingly been compelled to make him publish a card, in which, in rather imperfect and obscure English, he admits the promise and excuses himself for breaking it because the appointment was made by an exceedingly unpopular, and because the good man Adams threatened to kill him if he did not.

Mr. Smith ought to have the sympathy of every good citizen. It is quite certain that no man of ordinary conscientiousness would have ever made a promise so treacherous to the people he was asking to elect him. It is because the naughty office was hunting him, and was determined to have him at any price. If the office was not very naughty, indeed, it would have let him resign sooner than break his pledged word, however improper it was. The office has hunted him down. It has nearly ruined him in his honor, and what will it do with him in two years? Let us lament for him and hope he will yet redeem himself.—*Louisiana Courier.*

To give our readers a little further insight into the free and easy way of doing up the election in New Orleans, we publish below a pledge made by Smith before the election, and which he so conveniently and readily broke after it. "The Courier adds: After Gerard Smith had been sworn into office with due formality, and had placed himself upon his oath of honor, and Mr. Thomas E. Adams had been announced as Chief of Police and general acclamation, Lucien Adams came forward as Recorder of the Fourth District. He swore he would not be sworn in before Mayor Smith, on account of the following document being in his possession:

NEW ORLEANS, June 9, 1858. I shall take pleasure, if elected, in appointing Lucien Adams, Esq., as Chief of the Police during my entire term; and to this I give my word of honor. GERARD SMITH.

Witnesses: E. E. TOLEDANO, WM. C. HARRISON, THOMAS ASKEW, BENJ. S. HARRISON.

Mr. Toledano, one of the witnesses to the above, had been chosen as Secretary by the new Mayor, but he also declined office in most emphatic language. "The scene which followed" continues the same paper, "was dramatic, both within and without the Hall"—all of which we can readily believe, after such an exposure.

Position and Condition of the Mormons.—Letters from the army correspondents at Fort Scott, dated as late as the 5th ult., give us a fair idea of what the Mormons are doing. One letter says:

"An old manhunter is now in camp, who left the valley a fortnight ago, having been living all winter with the Quartermaster of the Mormon army. His name is pronounced Rescove, but how spelled I would not undertake to say. He is a man of much experience in this region, and of sound practical judgment. His opinion is that the Mormons are about to move westward, and that one or two hundred miles beyond Great Salt Lake City, unless pressed too closely by the officers of justice, when, with a small and chosen band, he would take refuge in the mountains. He says that their means of transportation are totally inadequate to a general movement of the people a long journey, and gives a touching picture of the distress of many of the people for want of sufficient clothing, the war having driven away all the merchants and prevented the importation into the Territory of needed supplies of clothing fabrics."

Ben Simons, the Delaware Indian, who brings in occasional cargoes of butter, cheese and eggs from Salt Lake, arrived a day or two since. He is very shrewd and intelligent, and being neutral in the contest, may be relied upon. He does not think the Mormons contemplate distant emigration at present. He states that the Mormon troops are divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, with a vacation of six weeks at the end of each term. During the Winter vacation, the library is opened, and the members of the library are allowed to use the books of the library. The exercises of the next term will commence on Monday, SEPTEMBER 1st, for Catalogues, or for any further information, may be made to either of the Professors at Cambridge.

THE KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE. DIRECTED BY A BOARD OF VISITORS appointed by the State, is under the supervision of

COL. E. W. MORGAN,

A distinguished graduate of West Point, and a practical Engineer, aided by an able Faculty.

The course of study is that taught in the best Colleges, with the addition of more extended course in Mathematics, Mechanics, Practical Engineering and Mining Geology; also in English Literature, Historical Reading, Book-keeping and Business Forms, and in Modern Languages.

The twenty-third semi-annual session opens the second Monday in September, (13th) Charges \$100 per half yearly session, payable in advance.

Address the Superintendent, at Military Institute, Franklin County, Kentucky, or P. DUDLEY, President of the Board.

July 8, 1858.—1f

VERSAILLES AND MIDWAY

ON and after Thursday, July 1st, 1858, the undersigned will put on a line of Stages from Versailles to Midway, leaving Versailles in the morning and afternoon, connecting daily with the morning and evening trains from Lexington to Louisville.

Returning they will leave Midway upon the arrival of the morning and evening trains from Louisville, Lexington and Frankfort.

Two daily communications are thereby offered from Versailles to Lexington, Frankfort and Louisville, and from Lexington, Frankfort and Louisville to Versailles.

Packages and Express matter will be carried at reasonable charges.

Tickets can be had at the office of the Louisville, Lexington and Frankfort Railroad, at Lexington, Frankfort and Louisville.

The line from Frankfort to Versailles being operated under the patronage of the public is respectfully requested.

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## SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Its wonderful effects and consequent popularity—perhaps no article in the history of the Materia Medica, ever acquired the same patronage, was subjected to the same number of severe and different tests, and met with so few failures as the Mustang Liniment. It has justly been styled a Panacea for all external Wounds, Cuts, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, or Eruptions on Man or Beast. It is so far a medicine of surprising virtue, that Physicians are compelled to prescribe it; and from some remarkable cures of Chronic and Distorted Rheumatic cases it has naturally attracted much attention from the first scientific minds of the age. No family can afford to be without a bottle of Mustang Liniment in the house. Beware of imitations. The genuine is sold by respectable dealers in all parts of the world. Beware of any other "Bragg's Liniment." It is a base imitation of BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, New-York (July 1-1m.)

THE "ELIXIR."

Prepared by Dr. JAS. WILLIAMS, for the cure of DYSPEPSY, and nothing but DYSPEPSY, (as advertised in another column,) has, by its own merits, obtained for itself so high a reputation in Philadelphia, that Physicians acquainted with its properties, are using it themselves and prescribing it to their patients, convinced, by observation, of its great efficacy in restoring the disordered digestive organs to healthy function. Numerous cases of Dyspepsy of the most aggravated character which were abandoned as incurable by some of the Medical Faculty, have, by the use of this Elixir, been restored to perfect health, as attested certificates testify.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MUSIC AND DRAWING.

A TEACHER of experience in the above named branches, is desirous of obtaining a situation in Male or Female School. Terms moderate, as desired. For further information, address "Music & Drawing," care V. B. Palmer, Advertising Agent, Philadelphia, Penna. (July 8-1f)

GEO. A. ROBERTSON,

Confectioneries and Groceries, Corner St. Clair and Broadway Streets, FRANKFORT, KY.

HAS, and intends to keep on hand all articles in his line. His stock has been selected with care and is of the best quality.

Flavoring Extracts, VANILLA, Lemon, Raspberry, Pine Apple, Strawberry, and Nutmeg, etc.

For the Toilet, COLOGNES, Extracts, Perfumery, Pomades, Soaps, Brushes, Combs, etc., etc.

A Large and Fine Lot of FRESH Peaches, Pine Apples, and Spiced Apples, etc.

Scotch Ale, R. DISHER'S genuine Scotch Ale, at GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

Tobacco and Cigars, A GENERAL assortment always on hand at GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

Bourbon and Irish Whisky, OLD Bourbon Whisky by the gallon or bottle, also, Irish Whisky, the very best in the State, at GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

GIN.—If you want excellent Gin, call at GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

WINE.—The best quality of Madeira, Sherry, Port, St. Julian, Champagne, and Malaga Wines, cheaper than at any other establishment in the city, at GEO. A. ROBERTSON'S.

LAW SCHOOL

OF THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE, MASS. THE INSTRUCTORS IN THIS SCHOOL ARE

HON. JORJ PARKER, LL.D., Royal Professor, Hon. THEOPHILUS PARSONS, LL.D., Dane Prof., Hon. EMORY WASHBURN, LL.D., University Professor.

The course of instruction embraces the various branches of the Common Law, and of Equity; Admiralty, Commercial, International and Constitutional Law, and the Jurisprudence of the United States. The Law Library consists of about 14,000 volumes, and all new works as they are added, and every effort is made to render it complete.

Instruction is given by oral lectures and expositions, and by recitations and examinations, in connection with the study of the law.

Two moot Courts are also held in each week, at each of which a cause, previously given out, is argued by the students, and an opinion delivered by the Presiding Instructor. Rooms and other facilities are also provided for the Club Courts; and an Assembly is held weekly for practice in debate and in the use of the law.

Students may enter the School in any stage of their professional studies or mercantile pursuits, and at the convenience of either term, or in the middle, or other part of a term.

They are at liberty to elect what studies they will pursue, according to their view of their own wants and attainments.

The Academic year, which commences on Thursday, the third Wednesday in July, is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, with a vacation of six weeks at the end of each term.

During the Winter vacation, the library is opened, and the members of the library are allowed to use the books of the library.

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The course of study is that taught in the best Colleges, with the addition of more extended course in Mathematics



# COURT OF APPEALS.

SATURDAY, July 31, 1858.

## CAUSES DECIDED.

Nunnely v Holloway, Pulaski; affirmed.  
Lane v Kasey, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Same v Daniel, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Same v Barker, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Brown v Shields, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Same v McCullough, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Same v Campbell, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Same v Sweeney, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Same v Denny, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Waller v Tull, Jefferson; reversed.  
Givens v Givens, Lincoln; reversed.  
Trotman v Young, Lou. Ch'y.; dismissed for want of prosecution.

## ORDERS.

Harlan v Harlan, Boyle; opinion slightly changed and petition overruled.  
Percie v Commonwealth, Jefferson; petition overruled.  
Christmas v Russell, Jefferson;  
Buck v Rogers, Jefferson;  
Borryan v Graves, Lou. Ch'y.; were argued.

MONDAY, July 28, 1858.

## CAUSES DECIDED.

Buck v Rogers' adm'r, Jefferson; affirmed.  
Bates v Todd, Pulaski; reversed.  
Lammie v Hume, Bourbon; reversed.  
Berrymen v Graves, Louisville; affirmed.  
Buchanan v Pope, Bourbon; reversed.  
Craycraft v Blanks, Bourbon; appeal dismissed.

## ORDERS.

Gay v Robb, (2 cases), Lou. Ch'y.;  
Phillips v Thornberry, Lou. Ch'y.; were argued.  
TUESDAY, July 6, 1858.

## CAUSES DECIDED.

Randall v Pearl, G. & R.; reversed.  
Coleman v Cartwright, Clarke; affirmed.  
Moseley v Moseley, Mercer; affirmed.  
Gay v Robb, Lou. Ch'y.; affirmed.  
Same v Same, Lou. Ch'y.; affirmed.  
Phillips v Thornberry, Lou. Ch'y.; affirmed.

## ORDERS.

Harris v Stewart, Lou. Ch'y.;  
Noll v Bigle, Lou. Ch'y.;  
Christmas v Russell, Jefferson; were argued.  
WEDNESDAY, July 7.

## CAUSES DECIDED.

Kinley v Burton, Boyle; affirmed.  
Ward v Pope, Carter, affirmed.  
Sater v Sater, Owen; affirmed.

## ORDERS.

Offutt v Offutt, Scott; petition overruled.  
Case v Colston, Jefferson, ordered to a rehearing and judgment set aside.  
Davis v Noble, Louisville chancery.  
Oberfelder v Allaker, Louisville ch'y.  
Louisville v Zanoze, Louisville ch'y.  
Louisville v McAtee, Louisville ch'y.  
Louisville v Ford, Louisville ch'y.  
Louisville v Hutchings, Louisville ch'y.  
Louisville v Bramer, Louisville ch'y.  
Merriweather v Garrison, Jefferson; were argued.

## A Remarkable Case of Circumstantial Evidence.

The Louisville Journal says:  
A case of considerable interest has occurred in Monroe county, Arkansas, which shows how strong a chain of circumstances can arise against an innocent person. Two men named Passmore and Lewis had conspired to each other, and a number of persons went to where the raft had been, but it was gone, and no traces of anybody connected with it could be found.  
Some weeks after this period, a man going up the river found in some drift-wood a body whose size and dress answered a description of Lewis. The body had in it buck-shot holes and stab-wounds. Shortly after this the steamer *Sam Hile* arrived at Clarendon, and the pilot, Bateman, and the Captain, Dougherty, cleared Passmore of all suspicion by testifying that they had seen Lewis at Napoleon three weeks after the occurrence, and that he had paid him money that had been owing him. Passmore was, of course, discharged.

But a hostile meeting took place yesterday at the "Oaks," near the Half-Way House, between Mr. Joseph Haulon, reporter of the *True Delta*, and Mr. Israel Gibbons, reporter of the *Centinel*. The weapons used were dueling pistols, distance twelve paces. At the first fire Mr. Gibbons received the ball of his adversary in the breast, and was caught by his seconds as he fell. Upon examination it was found that the wound was extremely dangerous, and it was thought advisable not to move him from the ground. We, however, learned that he was subsequently removed. Mr. Haulon escaped unscathed, the ball of his adversary cutting his coat.  
The difficulty, we learned, grew out of some compositions which were read before the Girls' High School last week, and which were published in the *True Delta* of last Sunday. It appears that Mr. Haulon obtained them for publication in a manner which called forth some remarks from Mr. Gibbons which the former considered insulting, and which, after some correspondence, led to a challenge from Mr. Haulon. The parties, however, have been firm friends. When we last heard from Mr. Gibbons it was feared he could not survive.

Since the above was in type, we have learned that there is reason to suppose that Mr. Gibbons will recover.—N. O. Delta.

## End of the English War.

The Washington *Union* of Wednesday, says that Lord Napier, is decidedly advised that the government of England should recognize as sound those principles of international law which have been laid down by General Cass, in his note on the 10th of April, to the British minister in Chicago—principles which he supports by the authority of Lord Stowell and the Duke of Wellington; and that the British government also admit that there is nothing in the treaty of 1842 (the Ashbur Treaty) with the United States which supersedes the law.  
The dispatch to Lord Napier from Lord Malmesbury is substantially the same, and records a conversation between the former person and Mr. Dal'as, which we have heretofore made public. The present, however, comes to General Cass in an authentic and official shape from Lord Napier himself, and may therefore be treated as the end of the search controversy.  
The Union further remarks:  
"We are now unable to see the special bearing of the effort of General Cass to defeat the ratification of the Quintuple Treaty, for had their convention been concluded it is hardly possible that we should now be permitted to congratulate the country upon a result so favorable to the United States and so consonant with the principles of sound law."

## RADICAL CURES.

The best evidence of the value of a medicine is, that it effects a radical cure and not merely affords a temporary alleviation of the disease. This is eminently the case with Dr. Bragg's Arctic Liniment, which therein differs greatly from the quack nostrums so extensively advertised in the public prints. Dr. Bragg is a scientific physician, and his invention of the Arctic Liniment is founded on a twenty years' experience in the treatment of the diseases for which it is intended. The first instance of its failure to cure has yet to be recorded.

Persons calling for the above letters, will please say "advertised." B. F. JOHNSON, P. M.

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Irvine, Estill co., Thursday, July 29.  
Mt. Vernon, Madison co., Friday, July 30.  
Nicholasville, Jessamine co., Saturday, July 31.

## The "Ignorance" Candidate and his friends—Elegant and highly perfumed extract of Prentice.

George D. Prentice vs. Dr. George Prentice.

"His (George R. McKee) opponents find that the public printing fraud has been exposed, and have already invented another in regard to his opposition to common schools. George is emphatically a common school advocate.—*Louisville Journal*, April 15th, 1858.

## ITS DENIAL.

UNDESIRABLE NOTORIETY.—We observe that some of the newspapers in other States are commenting upon the introduction of a bill into our Legislature to abolish the School System in Kentucky. Mr. McKee the mover of the measure, seems to be getting a notoriety which, we should suppose, for most would desire. To be the leader of an IGNORANCE PARTY may be agreeable enough for barbarians, or persons half civilized, but men, professing the usual intelligence of American citizens, would we should think, shun a station to which must be attached an everlasting odium.—*Louisville Journal*, 1843.

## POST OFFICE ROBBERY CONVICTED.—The U. S. Court at Cincinnati, yesterday concluded the trial of Dr. Ephraim W. Fellows, of Buffalo, who was indicted for the robbery of the post-office in that city. The robbery was committed in 1856, and Fellows was indicted in October of that year, but there had been a delay in bringing the matter to trial until now. Meanwhile the accused was at large under bonds to the amount of \$15,000. Not knowing the nature of testimony against him, he has rested upon the impression that he would be acquitted. The verdict was unexpected and took Tellows unawares.

Tellows is an man about 47 years old, and has a family. He was employed as a copying clerk in the B. & O. post office at the time he was detected. He was seen at the office and watched by Major Dickie, the postmaster, who found that he used to visit the office in the night. He had h



